Project X: Strip to shell and asbestos removal

A presentation to the

ACHASM 'Client Lead CH&S Symposium'

21 August 2013



Vacated premises

(Handover to project)

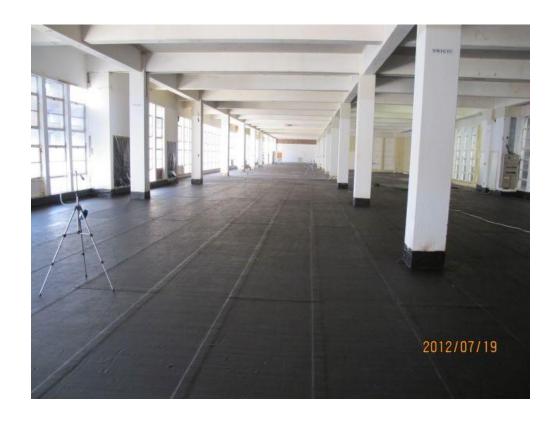






Mothballed premises

(Safe for occupancy)





Background

- The Building was constructed 1954
- Due to be demolished, and subsequently earmarked to be mothballed
- Possible tenanting at a later date
- It was known that asbestos and asbestos containing materials formed part of the structure
- Certain areas of the building house critical support and core business functions
- Certain areas of the building had been locked out
- Later fit-out requires a blank canvas and asbestos free building
- The area under consideration is 6255m² floor area (x 2 for ceiling)

Overview

Project Brief: Strip to shell for mothballing

Project Mandate: Activities may not disrupt either core or back-up services

and must be done in a manner which maintains Corporate Social Responsibility Commitments

Cautions: Asbestos

Multiple stakeholders and concurrent projects

Previous projects using water resulted in water

egress and certain property damage

Various fines (R1m / hr for downtime to back-up generators)



Planning

- 1. Walkthrough and Briefing Jul 2011
- 2. Submission of project charter
- 3. Motivation for additional professional consultants
- 4. Submission of fee quotation and professional services
- Appointment of HSE Risk Consultancy Services (PROCSA)
- 6. HSE appointment of necessary consultants (PROCSA)
- 7. Development of tender for Approved Inspection Authority
- 8. Tender on National Basis for Approved Inspection Authority (5 x)
- 9. Selection of AIA
- 10. Fee negotiations, resulting in discounted fees
- 11. Appointment of AIA Sep 2011
- 12. Development of tender documentation for Registered Asbestos Contractor (CHS Specification, Tech Specification, Sequencing, Plan of Work, BoQ)
- 13. Tender on national basis for RAC (5 x)
- 14. Selection of RAC
- 15. Confirm Plan of Work and Fees
- 16. Appointment of RAC Dec 2011



Contractual

PROCSA: Construction Project Manager

PROCSA: CHS Consultant

SACPCMP: Pr. CHSA











Legal

National Department of Environmental Affairs (NDEA):

Environment Conservation Act R43 of 1996.

The National Environmental Laws Amendment Act, 14 of 2009.

National Environment Laws Amendment Act, 44 of 2008.

Environment Conservation Act, 73 of 1989.

Gazette 19599 and dated 11 December 1998

National Department of Labour (DoL):

Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act, 130 of 1993

Occupational Health and Safety Act, 85 of 1993.

Asbestos Regulations, GNR 155 of 2002.

Construction Regulations, GNR 1010 of 2003

Lead Regulations, GNR 236 of 2002

Noise-Induced Hearing Loss Regulations, GNR 307 of 2003

Electrical Installation Regulations, GNR 242 of 2009

Electrical Machinery Regulations, GNR 1593 of 1988

Pressure Equipment Regulations, GNR 734 of 2009

General Administrative Regulations, GNR 929 of 2003

General Safety Regulations, GNR 1031 of 1986

Environmental Regulations for Workplaces, GNR 2281 of 1987

Facilities Regulations, 924 of 2004

Chief Directorate DoL: Occupational Health and Safety

Guide to the Asbestos Regulations, OHC1 of 2003

Guide to demolition work in terms of the Asbestos Regulations, OHC6 of 2003

Construction Health and Safety Guide, 2007

Criteria for Registration as Asbestos Contractor, OHC3 of 2003

Chief Inspectorate DoL: Occupational Health and Safety

Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances 3914 of the Health and Safety Executive of the United Kingdom, as revised from time to time (MDHS 39/4)

Association of Construction Health and Safety Management (Recommended guides)

Safety in Design: Standards of Competence

Recommended Guidelines for the Correct Carriage of Asbestos Waste

Recommended Guidelines for Construction Occupational Hazardous Substances assessments

Preliminary Guidance Note on Dust Suppression

Recommended Guidance on Risk Assessments, Notifications, Waivers and Plans of Work

The Contractors Guide to Asbestos Removal





Details

- 1. Raised access flooring = 45kg/m²
- 2. Total estimated dry weight (ceiling and flooring) = 90kg /m2
- 3. Asbestos can only be disposed of at Vissershok = R380 / kg ex transport
- 4. Several generations of asbestos containing vinyl floor tiles
- 5. Asbestos containing VFT = <5% asbestos well bound in matirx
- 6. Three types of asbestos found in flocking on ceilings
 - Used for noise dampening
- 7. Encapsulated asbestos flocking used at HVAC plant rooms
 - Used as fire break
- 8. Asbestos fibers are waterproof and carcinogenic (some resist acid)
- 9. Asbestos fibers split and break easily, quickly becoming 'uncountable'
- 10. OEL for Asbestos = 0.2 f/ml = 200 f/l
- 11. OEL for Fiber Glass = 2 f/ml = 2000 f/l
- 12. No insurance for asbestos related illnesses or claims (of exposure)
- 13.75% chance of substantial water egress
- 14. Floors cannot support more than 100mm bunded water



Risk Quantification

Risk Profiling

COMMISSION PROJECT HIGH, IN AND SHATTY MICK PROFILE

Freque:

Engines (Case)

Construction health and Substitute (Case)

Engines (Case)

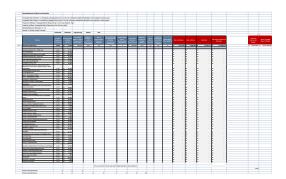
Construction health and Substitute (Case)

Sale:

Solid Substitute (Case)

Solid Sub

Defensibility



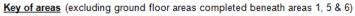
Key concepts

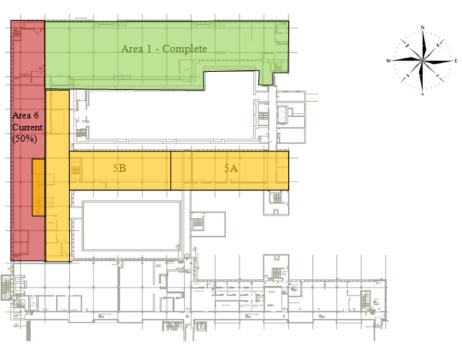
- 1. Assistance
- 2. Advice
- 3. Options
- 4. Corporate Social Responsibility
- 5. Defensibility
- Non-transferable risk
- 7. Vicarious Liability
- 8. Agency
- 9. Monitoring Professional Services and Deliverables
- 10. Assessing Design Risk
- 11. Risk Management and Loss Control
- 12. Clearly defined priorities (1. quality 2. cost 3. time)
- 13. Project adaptability
- 14. Project invisibility
- 15. Team functionality
 - 1. Mediation (non-antagonistic, third alternative)
 - 2. Admit mistakes (problem solving, no blame gaming / carpet sweeping)
 - 3. Encourage discussion



Key controls

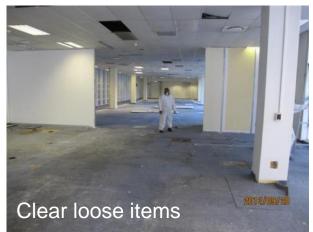
- 1. Work Breakdown Structures
- 2. Methods and Sequencing
- 3. Negative pressure environment
- 4. Glove bags
- 5. HEPA Filters
- 6. Continual training and de-briefing (conversant)
- 7. Ongoing medical surveillance
- 8. Independent AIA appointment
- 9. Daily air monitoring and feedback
- 10. Daily close-out of fiber count changes
- 11. Access to professional and specialist consultants































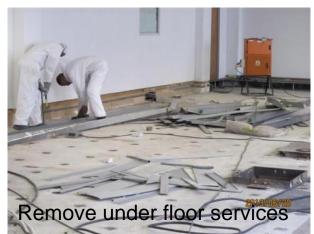




































































































Erect negatively pressurized glove bag stripping unit



Prep team moves to next area.















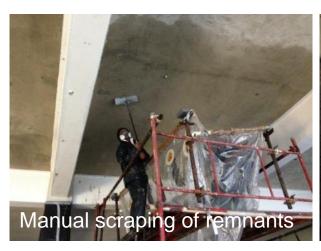


































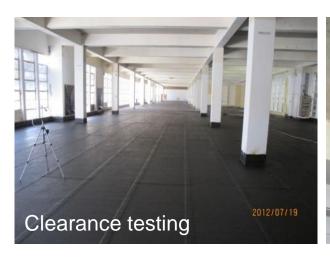
Glove bag team moves to next area

HSE Risk Consultancy Services













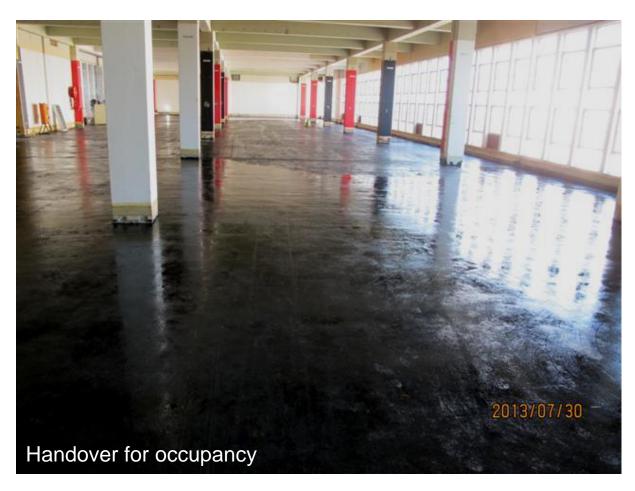








Prep team moves to next area.































HSE Risk Consultancy Services

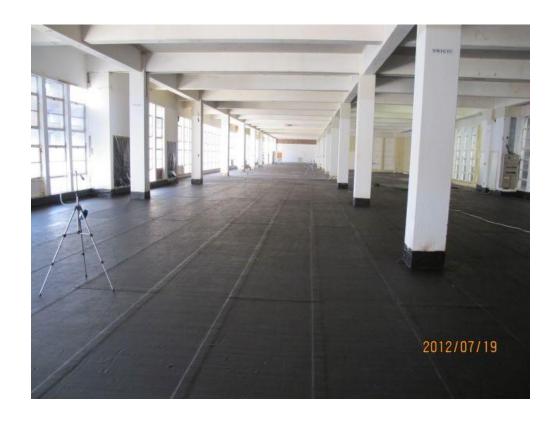
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